# THE LIGHT TRAP

INVESTIGATING LIGHT & PIGMENTS



STUDENT WORKBOOK



#### STEP 2

Cut the four sections apart, using the folds to guide you.



#### STEP 3

Take one of the cut sections and fold it in thirds. Label the three folded sections: "blank," "marker," and "super-black."



#### STEP 4

Leave the "blank" section white. In the "marker" section, above the label, draw and fill in a square shape with the marker. It doesn't have to be exact. In the "super-black" section, paint a square shape with the super-black paint. Set aside to dry.



## STEP 5

Take another of the four cut pieces of paper and fold it in half.



### STEP 6

Cut out a design along the folded edge (similar to how you would to make a paper snowflake). You can throw away or recycle the scraps.



# (ALMOST) A PORTABLE BLACK HOLE

Colors can have different meanings in art, and they are used in many ways in science.

In this activity, you will: 1) learn about an interesting black coating, 2) find out what gives paints their colors, and 3) explore the connections between science, art, and society.



## **LEARNING GOALS:**

I can use evidence to show that synthetic materials are made from natural resources and affect society.

# SO DARK, IT DOESN'T SEEM REAL!

Take a look at these two photos. Does it look like there's a black hole on the page?

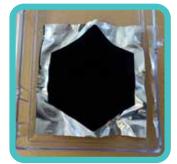


Photo used with permission from Surrey Nanosystems.



Photo used with permission from Surrey Nanosystems.

Believe it or not, the photos haven't been edited! The objects in the photos (aluminum foil and a bowl-shaped object) have been painted with a super-black coating.





## MAKING OBJECTS "DISAPPEAR"

This super-black coating can make the surface features of objects "disappear." In this photo, two identical sculptures of a face are shown. The one on the left has been painted with the super-black coating, and the other has not. Notice how the coating is so dark, you can't even tell that the coated sculpture has three-dimensional features!



# THINK ABOUT IT!

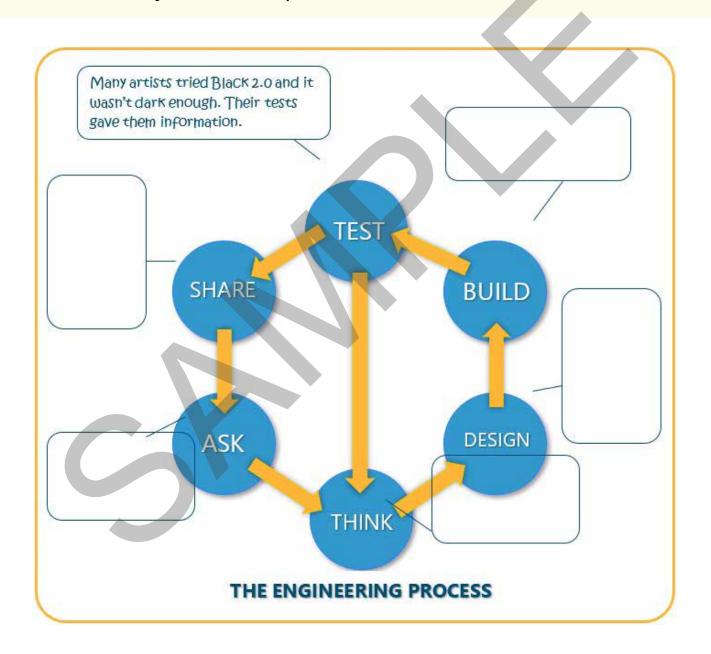


1. Were the photos of the super-black coating surprising and unusual? Why or why not?

3. Although it's not what they set out to do, the people who developed super-black paints used the engineering process. Engineering is the designing

and building of things to solve problems.

Take a look at the the engineering process below. Then, next to at least TWO of the engineering actions, write a part of the development of super-black paint and explain how it matches with that engineering action. "TEST" has been done for you as an example, so choose two more.





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Kit	SU-LITRAP
Instructions	IN-LITRAPS
Revision Date	3/2021